Respect for Human Rights in Armed Conflicts. Resolution 2444 (XXIII) of the

The General Assembly,

' Recognizing ' the necessity of applying basic humanitarian principles in all armed conflicts,
' Taking note ' of resolution XXIII on human rights in armed conflicts, adopted on 12 May 1968
by the International Conference on Human Rights,
' Affirming ' that the provisions of that resolution need to be implemented effectively as soon
as possible,

1. ' Affirms ' resolution XXVIII of the XXth International Conference of the Red Cross held at
Vienna in 1965, which laid down, inter alia, the following principles for observance by all
governmental and other authorities responsible for action in armed conflicts:

   (a) That the right of the parties to a conflict to adopt means of injuring the enemy is not
   unlimited;
   (b) That it is prohibited to launch attacks against the civilian populations as such;
   (c) That distinction must be made at all times between persons taking part in the hostilities
   and members of the civilian population to the effect that the latter be spared as much as
   possible;

2. ' Invites ' the Secretary-General, in consultation with the International Committee of the Red
Cross and other appropriate international organizations, to study:

   (a) Steps which could be taken to secure the better application of existing humanitarian
   international conventions and rules in all armed conflicts;
   (b) The need for additional humanitarian international conventions or for other appropriate
   legal instruments to ensure the better protection of civilians, prisoners and combatants in all
   armed conflicts and the prohibition and limitation of the use of certain methods and means of
   warfare;

3. ' Requests ' the Secretary-General to take all other necessary steps to give effect to the
provisions of the present resolution and to report to the General Assembly at its twenty-fourth
session on the steps he has taken;

4. ' Further requests ' Member States to extend all possible assistance to the
Secretary-General in the preparation of the study requested in paragraph 2 above;

5. ' Calls upon ' all States which have not yet done so to become parties to the Hague
Conventions of 1899 and 1907, the Geneva Protocol of 1925 and the Geneva Conventions of
1949.